



Development of advanced reactor systems : the MYRRHA project

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SNETP Forum 2021

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Belgian Government decision of 7 September 2018



Decision to build MYRRHA as large new research infrastructure in Mol, Belgium

Belgium **allocates** € 558 m for 2019-2038

- € 287 m for 2019-2026: construction of MINERVA (linac 100 MeV + PTF & FTS)
- € 115 m for 2019-2026: design, R&D and licensing for Phases 2 (extended linac 600 MeV) & 3 (reactor)
- € 156 m for 2027-2038: MINERVA operations (linac 100 MeV)

Establishment of **international non-profit organisation**

MYRRHA AISBL/IVZW

Government support for establishing MYRRHA partnerships

Belgium appoints cabinet ministers to promote and negotiate international partnerships

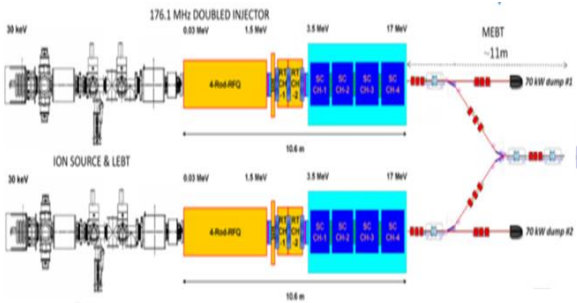
MYRRHA = Accelerator Driven System (ADS)

Construction of Accelerator-Driven System (ADS) consisting of

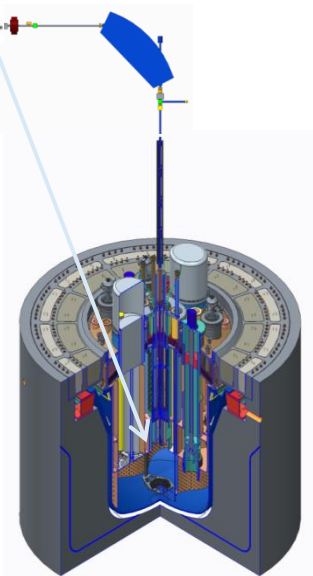
- A 600 MeV – 2,5 mA to 4,0 mA proton linear accelerator
- A spallation target/source
- A Lead-Bismuth Eutectic (LBE) cooled reactor able to operate in subcritical & critical mode

Accelerator	
<i>particles</i>	protons
<i>beam energy</i>	600 MeV
<i>beam current</i>	2.4 to 4 mA

Target	
<i>main reaction</i>	spallation
<i>output</i>	$2 \cdot 10^{17}$ n/s
<i>material</i>	LBE (coolant)



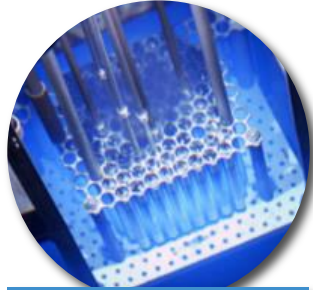
Reactor	
<i>power</i>	65 to 100 MW _{th}
<i>k_{eff}</i>	0.95
<i>spectrum</i>	fast
<i>coolant</i>	LBE



MYRRHA application portfolio



**Spent
Nuclear Fuel**

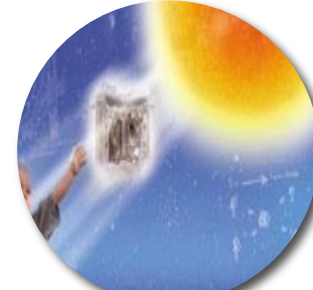


Fission GEN IV



Radio-isotopes

**Multipurpose
hYbrid
Research
Reactor for
High-tech
Applications**



Fusion

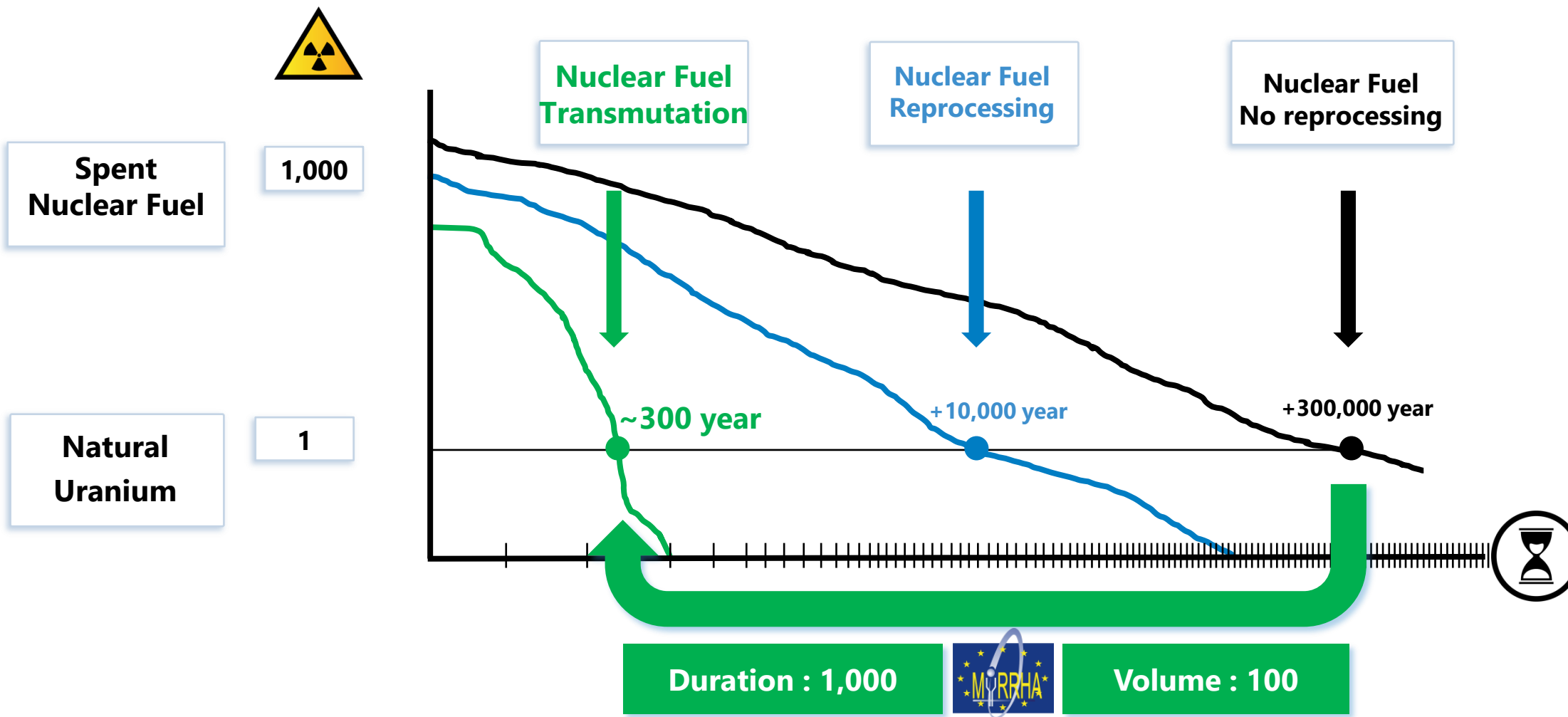


**Fundamental
research**



**Small Modular
Reactor**

Transmutation: Spent Nuclear Fuel solution

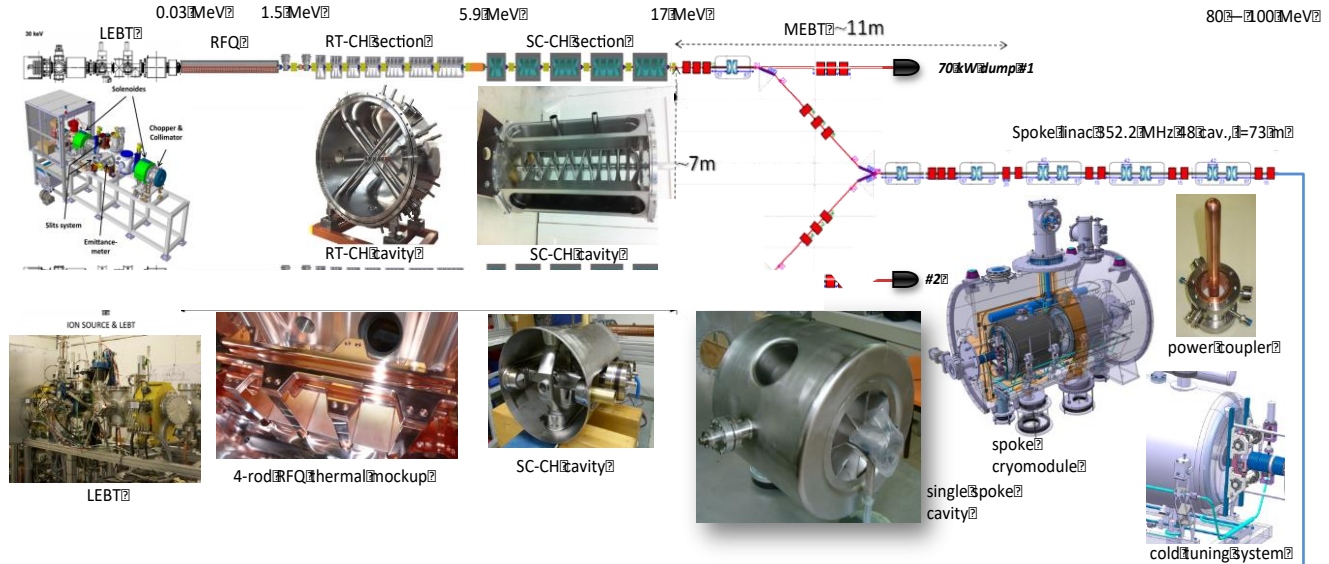


MYRRHA's phased implementation strategy

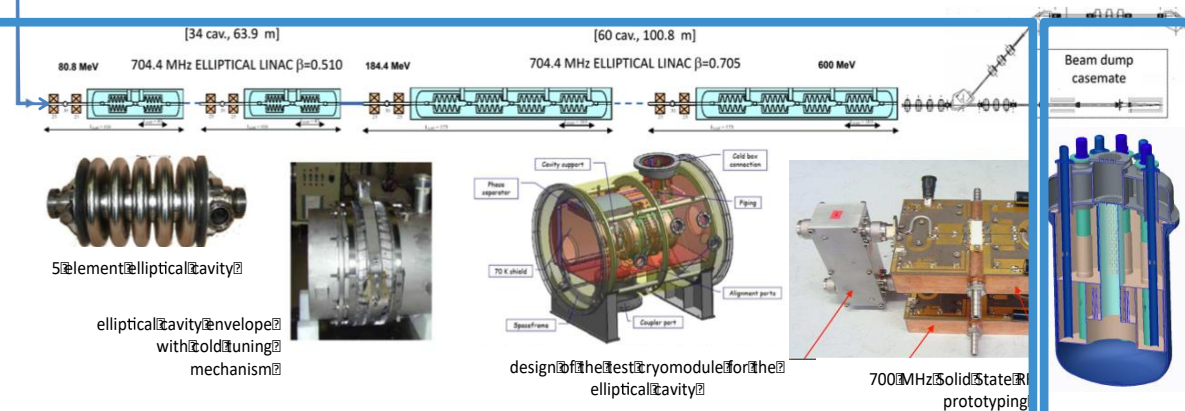
Phased approach benefits:

- Reduced technical risk
- Spreading investment cost
- First R&D facility available in Mol end of 2026

















Phase 1 – 100 MeV



Phase 2 – 600 MeV



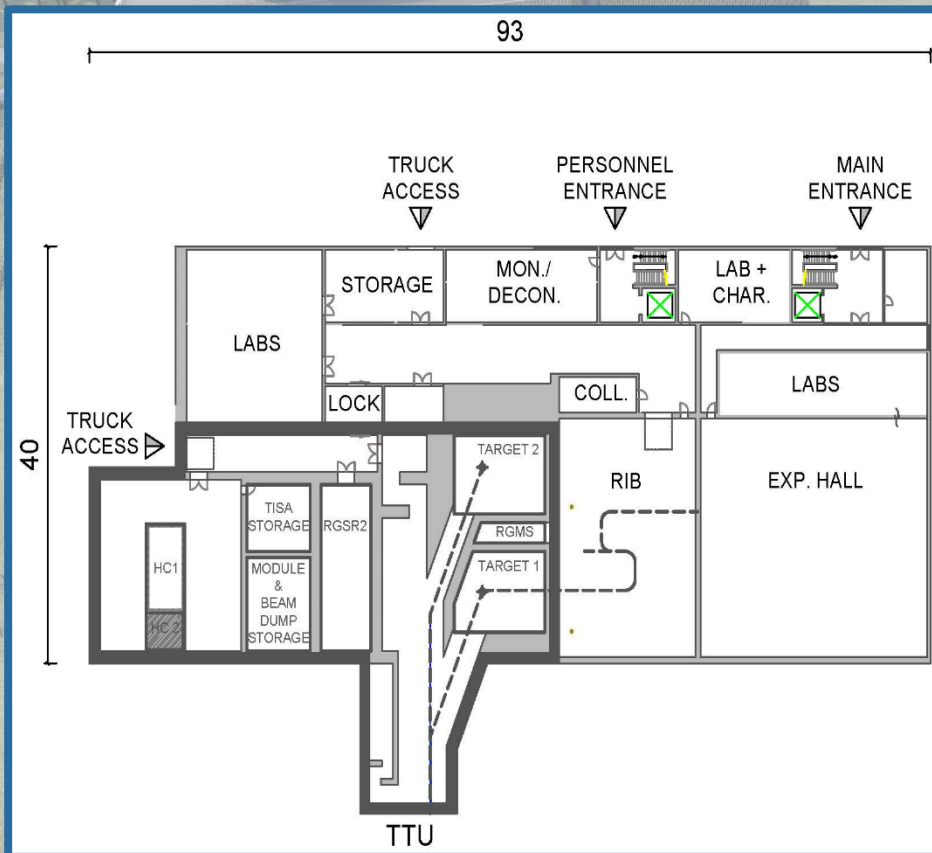
Phase 3 – Reactor

Applications	Description	MYRRHA phase 1 2026	MYRRHA phase 2 2032	MYRRHA phase 3 2036
	Spent fuel transmutation >> Reduce radio-toxicity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • in volume (factor 100) • in duration (factor 1,000 from 300,000 years to 300 years) 			
	Innovative radioisotopes Produce new diagnostic and therapeutic medical isotopes for research and clinical use			
	Fundamental research A landmark project on the ESFRI high priority list contributing a.o. to fundamental research in nuclear physics science and nuclear medicine			
	Fusion energy Conducting advanced materials research, qualification and testing for fusion energy			

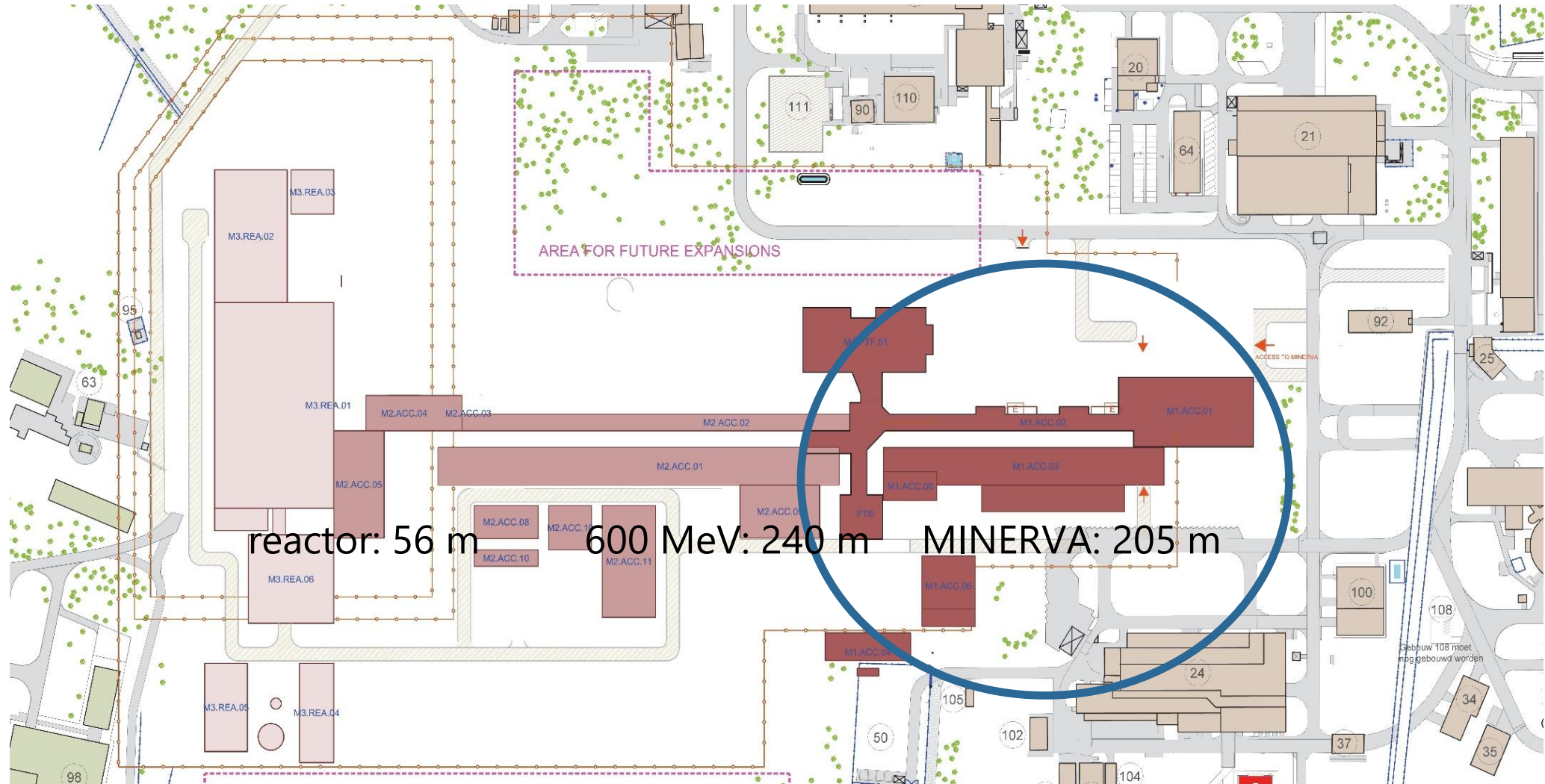
MYRRHA PHASE 1 (MINERVA): IMPLEMENTATION IN 2026

MINERVA = LINAC 100 MeV + PROTON TARGET FACILITY

OBJECTIVES = ACCELERATOR RELIABILITY + RADIOISOTOPES + ISOL PHYSICS + FUSION MATERIAL R&D

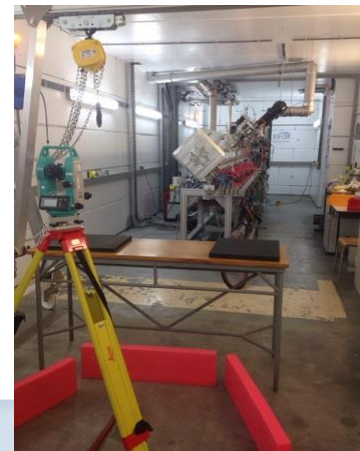
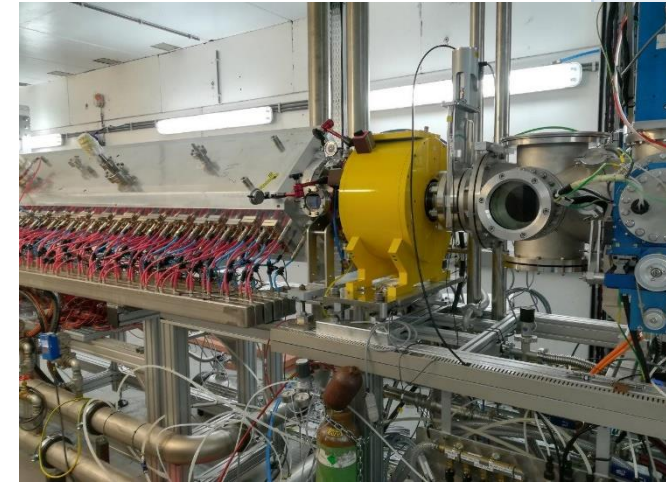


MYRRHA masterplan

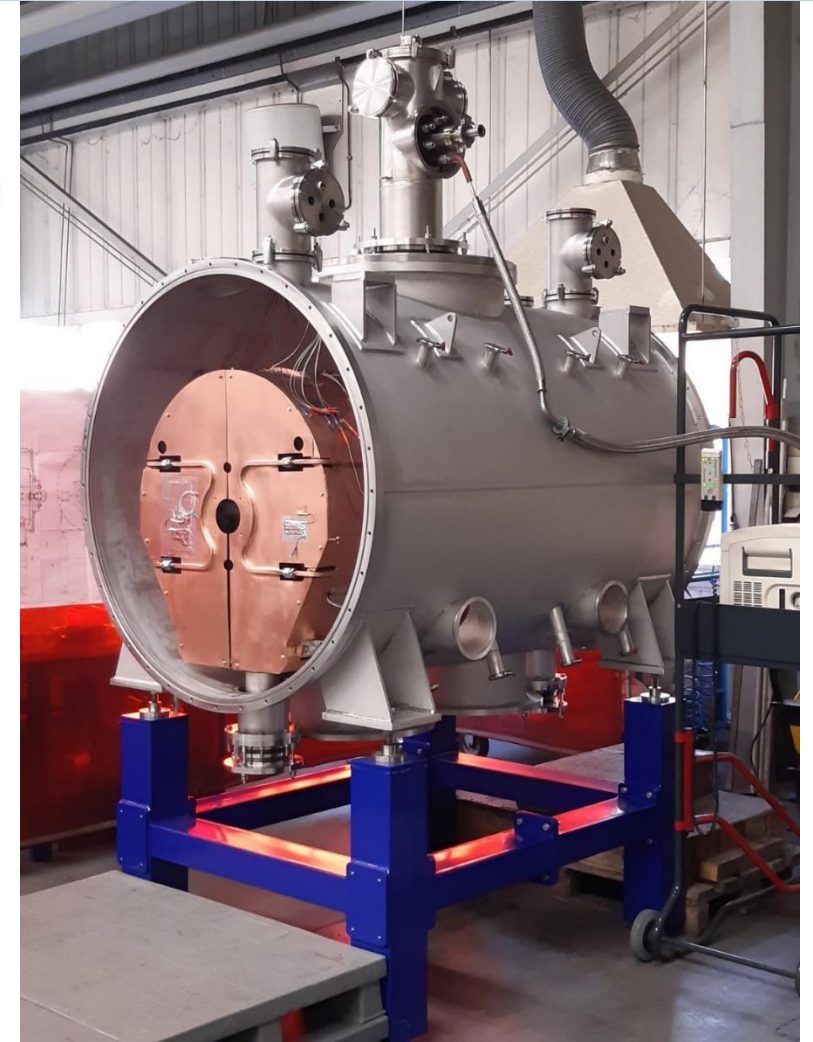
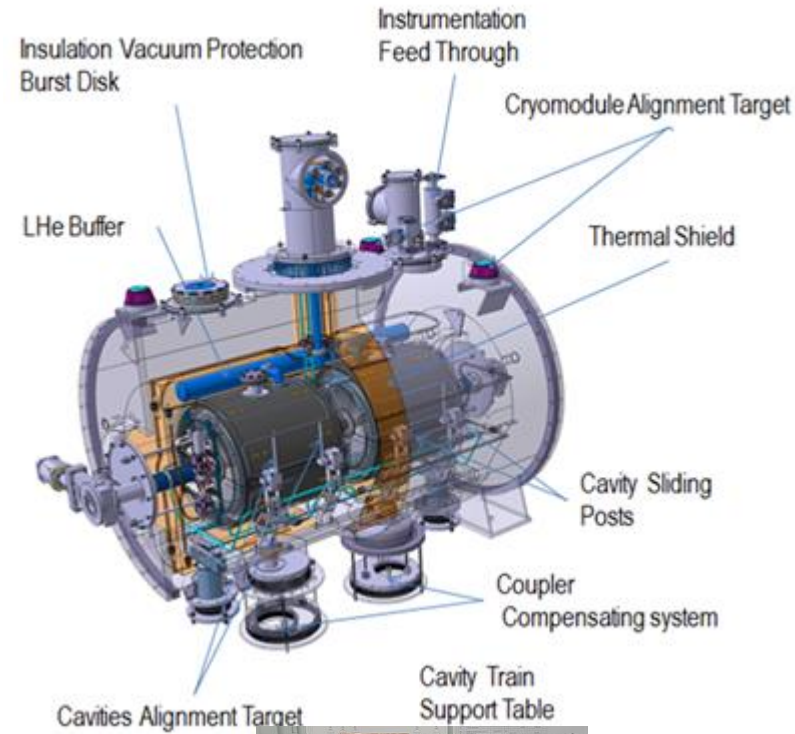


Accelerator at LLN: Injector Test Stand

- Status
 - Proton source and low-energy transfer line tested (spring 2019)
 - RFQ conditioned (summer 2019)
 - **RFQ has reached 1.5 MeV in June 2020**
 - Staged increase to 5.9 MeV until 2022
- Impacted by COVID-19 crisis
 - UCL closed for 3 months



CRYOMODULE prototype – not just a drawing, but becoming reality



MYRRHA REACTOR: IMPLEMENTATION IN 2036

OBJECTIVES = TRANSMUTATION + RADIOISOTOPES + FUSION MATERIAL R&D + TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM

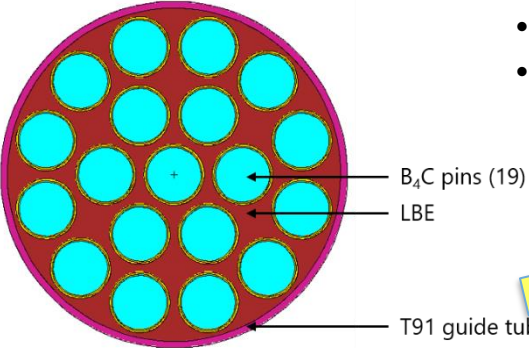


From design Rev. 1.6 to Rev. 1.8

- Objective of the Revision 1.8 design :
- Address the technical issues identified in Rev. 1.6
 - Reduce the size and cost (transport limitations)
 - Po-H₂O interaction (increased Po-volatility)
 - Corrosion in LBE at high temperatures
 - Reactor cavity leak tightness and integrity
- Satisfy the application catalogue and top-level technical requirements

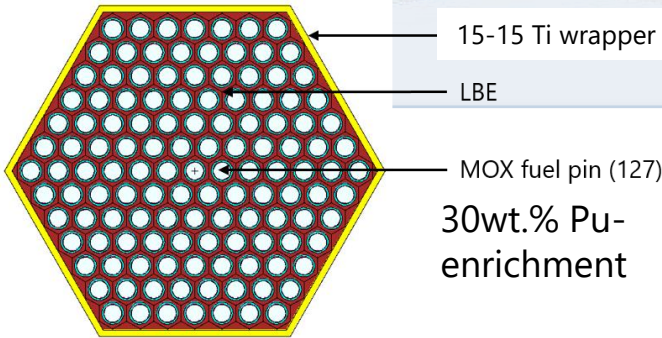
Subcritical (BOC) core layout

control rods (3)

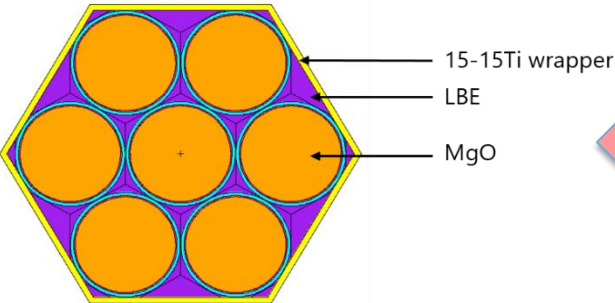


- LBE dummy channels (30)
- beam tube + spallation target

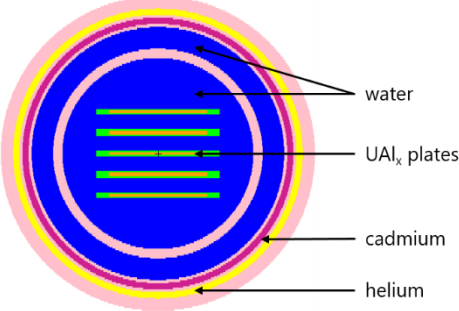
fuel assembly (78)



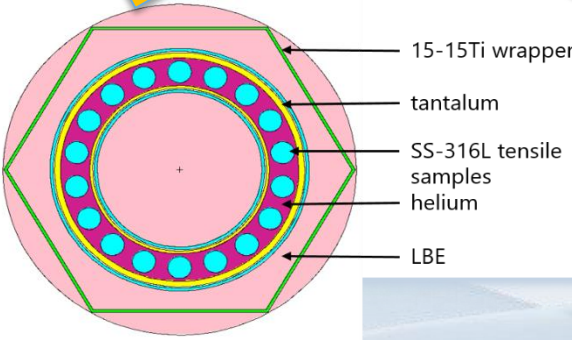
MgO reflector (42)



thermal islands (3)

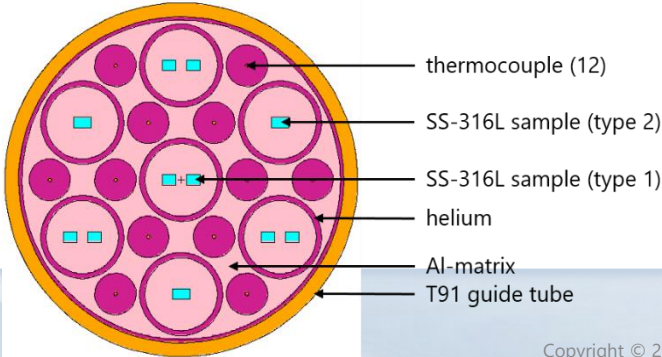


Spallation target assembly (1) – view of irr. targets



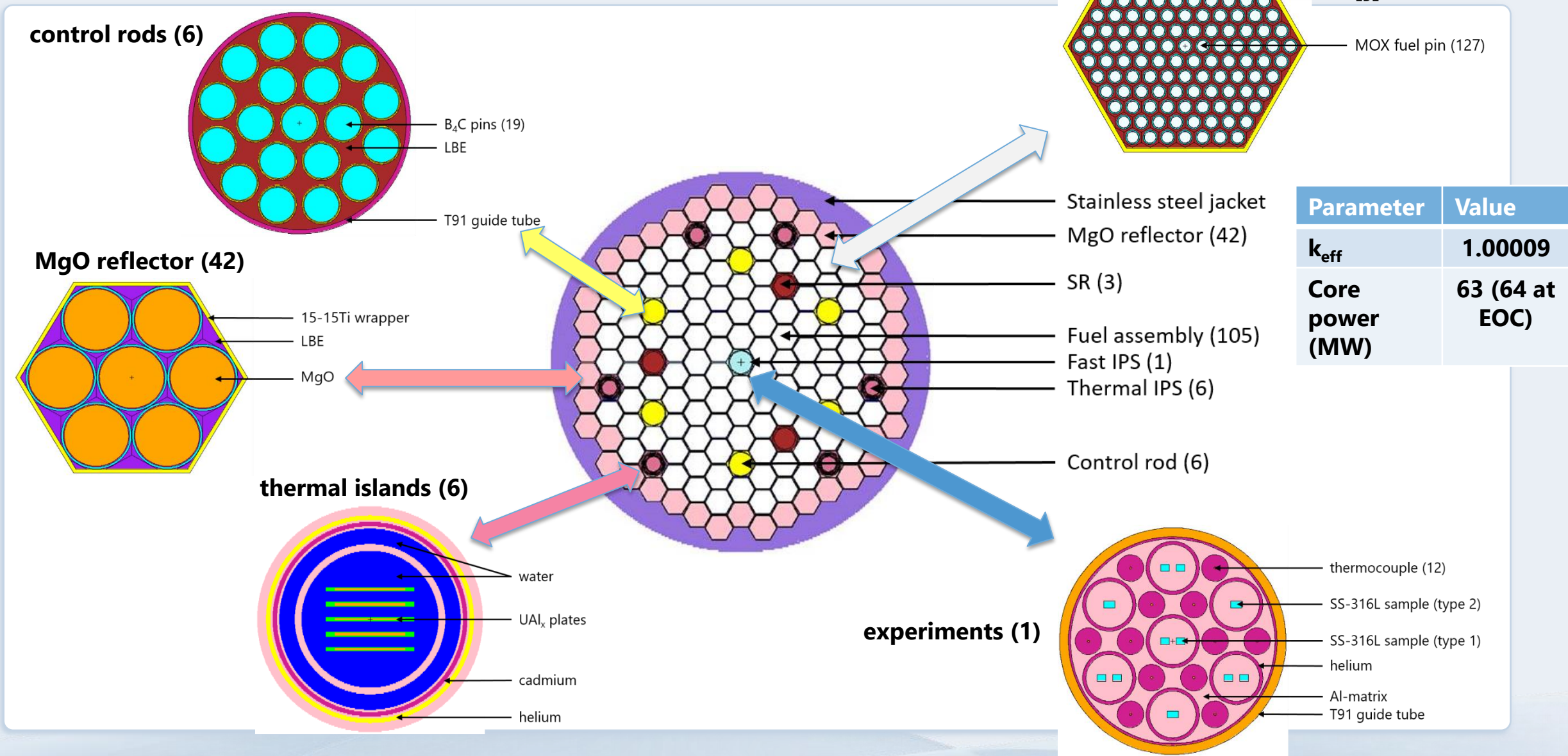
- Stainless steel jacket
- Thermal IPS (3)
- MgO reflector (42)
- Fast IPS (6)
- Spallation target (1)
- Fuel assembly (78)
- Control rod (3)
- LBE channel (30)

experiments (6)



Parameter	Value
k_{eff}	0.92891
Core power (MW)	60
Beam current (mA)	3.63

Critical (BOC) core layout

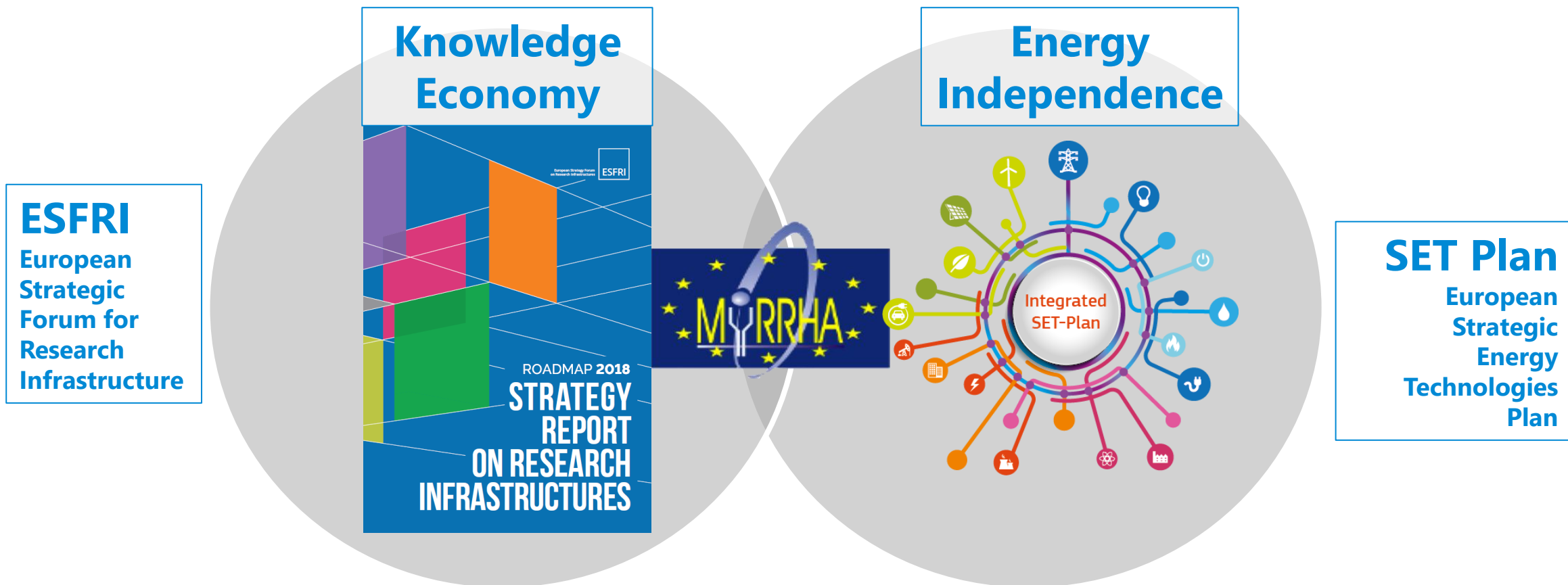


Rev. 1.7 in numbers

Parameter	Unit	Rev. 1.6	Rev. 1.7
Max. Core Power	MW _{th}	100	64
Design power	MW _{th}	110	70
Vessel diameter	m	10.2	8.3
Vessel height	m	15.9	11.9
Total reactor height	m	20.2	16.3
Longest component length (Pump)	m		14
LBE inventory	m ³	725	525 ¹
Total mass	ton	10000	6682 ²

- ¹ 2000 ton reduction in LBE coolant equates to 30 million EURO less investment cost for the LBE coolant compared to Rev. 1.6
- ² 1300 ton reduction in steel mass

MYRRHA contributes to EU strategic objectives



EIB InnovFin

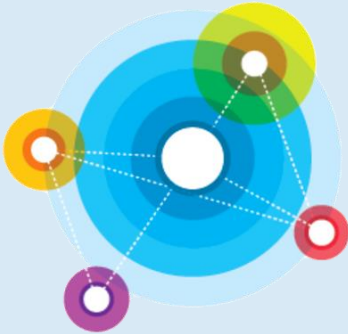
MYRRHA selected by **European Investment Bank (EIB)** as potential project for EIB financing procedure underway

Juncker Plan

MYRRHA is on **European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI - "Juncker Plan")** candidate project list for financing

MYRRHA contributes to Belgian strategic objectives

Knowledge Economy



(Visie-Vision 2030)

**Nationaal Pact
voor
Strategische
Investeringsen**

**Pacte National
pour les
Investissements
Stratégiques**



Energy Independence



(2021-2030)

**Geïntegreerd
Nationaal
Energie- en
Klimaatplan**

**Plan National
intégré
Energie
Climat**

International R&D network - 1

Universities



Research



International R&D network - 2

Private Sector



Authorities



- Link to the MYRRHA 3D movie
- <https://youtu.be/FSon1FQBxJo>

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Belgian Nuclear Research Centre

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